## **Neurology context - Case for change**



## Current challenges

## Future model

<ul> <li>Neurological conditions are individually rare for GPs, access to advice is critical and there are issues in accessing timely support</li> <li>Need access to ambulatory acute neurology pathways to avoid hospital admissions</li> </ul>	Primary Care Improved access to support	<ul> <li>Single points of access into standardised pathways</li> <li>Routine co-management with specialty and community teams</li> <li>Improved access to specialist advice and early support for deteriorating patients</li> <li>Routine advance care planning for complex patients</li> <li>PCNs to support chronic neurological patients in the community</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Variation in commissioning and service provision</li> <li>Workforce challenges – single borough teams unable to resource expertise at scale (e.g. psychology)</li> <li>Issues accessing specialist advise</li> <li>Inappropriate referrals &amp; screening contributing to long waiting lists and delays in social care</li> </ul>	Community Care Workforce development	<ul> <li>Standardised specification, outcomes monitoring across system</li> <li>Direct co-working with specialist teams</li> <li>Better MDT working, rotational schemes and upskilling improves recruitment and retention</li> <li>Joint posts across multiple teams creates efficient cross-borough working.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Lack of local subspecialty expertise due to recruitment and retention issues</li> <li>Demand and capacity issues – high level of ward referrals and long outpatient waits for new patients</li> <li>Issues accessing timely super-specialist investigations and treatments</li> </ul>	District General Hospitals Managing complex and urgent patients	<ul> <li>Address professional isolation and development of expertise through joint working, dual posts and more professional CPD networks</li> <li>Support local delivery of specialist care through MDT working</li> <li>Establish standardised pathways that facilitate escalation of urgent patients needing super specialist input</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Delays in care for tertiary patients</li> <li>Suboptimal local workup</li> <li>Challenges delivering care at a single centre for a large, geographically distributed population</li> </ul>	Neurosciences Centre Better supporting local care delivery	<ul> <li>Improved referral systems, with adequate work-up pre-referral and early identification of patients needing specialist input</li> <li>Working with DGH, community and primary care to improve local support of complex patients releasing capacity for new patient assessments</li> </ul>